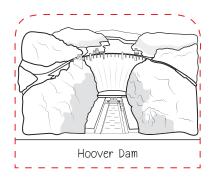
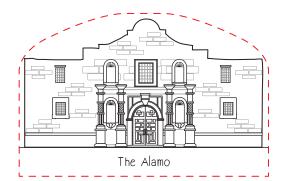
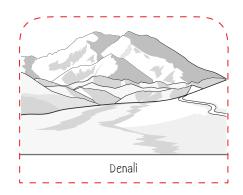
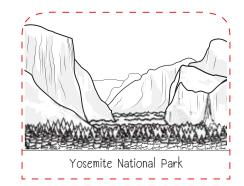
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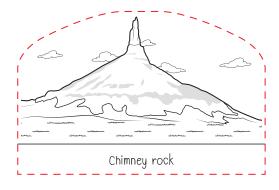


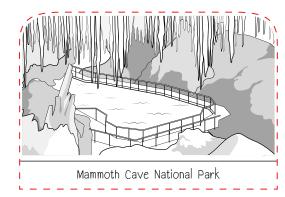


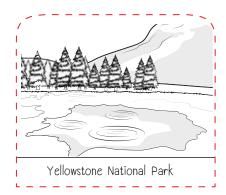


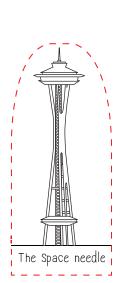


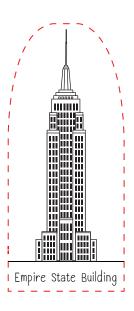












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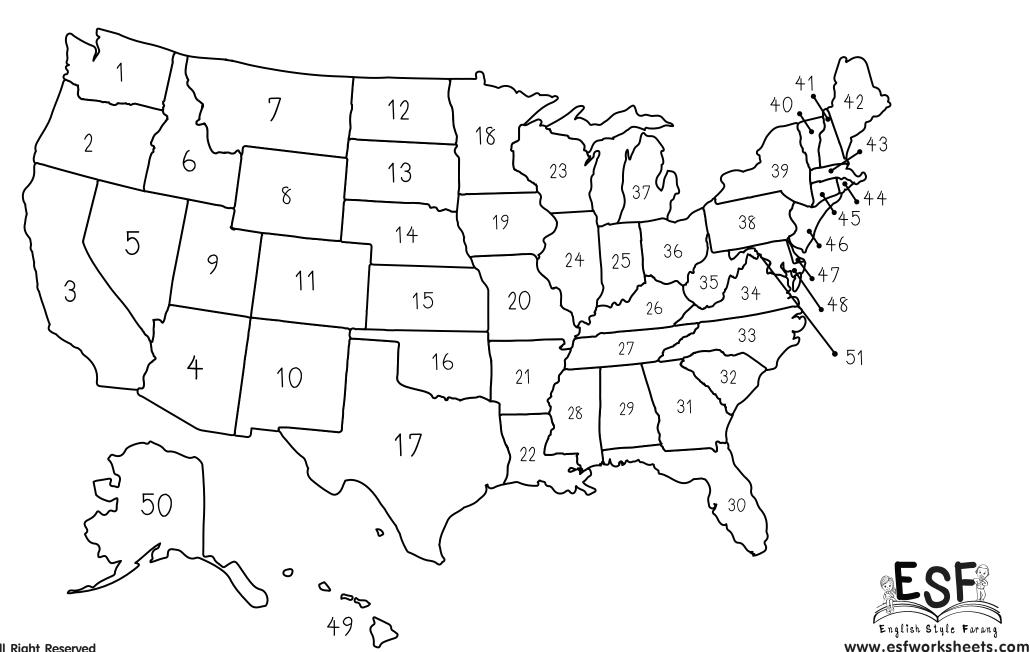


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	Landmark Name	
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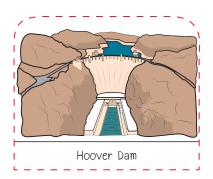
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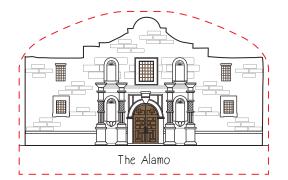


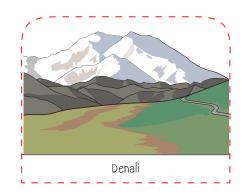
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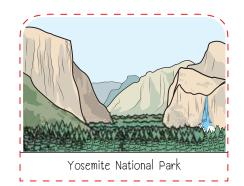
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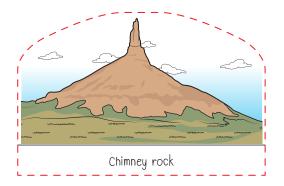


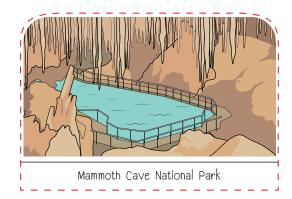




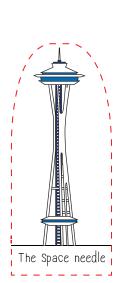


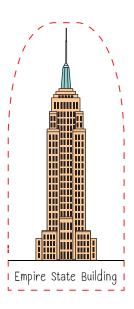














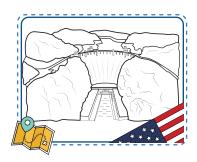
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Landmark Name

Hoover Dam

Location

On the border of Nevada and Arizona, in the Black Canyon of the Colorado River

Year Built/Established

Facts

The Hoover Dam was once known as Bolder Dam and was built during the Great Depression. The purpose of a dam is to contain the flow of water, and they are often used to generate power to support Nevada,

California and Arizona. Other reasons for the dam is to minimize the risk of floods, irrigation, and provide water for cities and towns. It took more than 10,000 people to build the dam, when the Hoover Dam was finished in 1936 it was the world's largest hydroelectric power station and the world's largest concrete structure at the time. The dam is 726 feet high, 650 feet thick at the bottom, and 1,244 feet long. The amount of concrete used to build the dam is equal to building a 4,000 mile two-lane highway that can stretch from San Francisco to New York.



Landmark Name

Empire State Building

1 ocation

New York, New York

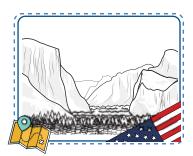
Year Built/Established

1930

Facts

When the Empire State Building was constructed it took around 3,400 workers and only 410 days to finish the building. President Herbert

Hoover pushed the button to turn on the lights to officially open the building on May 1, 1931. For 42 years, the Empire State building was the tallest skyscraper in New York City and the world until 1973 when the First World Trade Center tower opened. The building has 102 stories, contains 6,500 windows and 73 elevators. The observation deck of the building is one of the most popular outdoor observatories in the world, having been visited by over 110 million people. On clear days, the building can be seen from much of the New York Metropolitan area, and as far away as New Haven, Connecticut and Morristown, New Jersey.



Landmark Name

Yosemite National park

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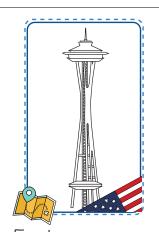
California

1890

Year Built/Established

Facts

Before becoming a national park, Yosemite had been home to the Ahwaneechee Native Americans for about 4,000 years. The name "Yosemite" means "those who kill" originally referred to the name of a renegade tribe which was driven out of the area. Yosemite National Park is best known for its waterfalls, towering granite monoliths, deep valleys and giant ancient sequoias. It is also one of the few places where rainbows can be seen even at night. Yosemite was not America's first national park because Abraham Lincoln signed legislation in 1864 to a protected natural wonder for public enjoyment. Only 18 years later after the establishment of Yellowstone National Park did Yosemite became a true national park.



Landmark Name

Space Needle

Location

Seattle, Washington

Year Built/Established

1961

Facts

The Seattle Space Needle is an observation tower and it was built in honor of the World's Fair in 1962 (A large exhibition of industry and culture sometimes called expositions or expos). The Space Needle is 605 feet high and 138 feet wide, when it was completed it was the tallest building to the west of the Mississippi River. The observation tower was built with a safety feature in mind. It can withstand a wind velocity of up to 200 miles per hour, earthquakes of up to a 9.1 magnitude, and has 25 lightning rods on its roof for protection against lightning. When it was first opened almost 20,000 people visited the tower per day. The elevators in the tower move at 10 miles per hour. The trip up the 605 foot building takes only 41 seconds.





Landmark Name

Yellowstone National Park

Location

Wyoming, Montana, and Idaho

Year Built/Established

1872

Facts

On March 1, 1872 President Ulyssess S. Grant signed The Act of

Dedication, a law that created Yellowstone as a National Park which

made Yellowstone the United States' first national park, and also the

world's first national park. The park is famous for its geysers and hot

springs. Half of the world's geysers are contained within the park.

The Old Faithful Geyser, the world's most famous geyser, is also in

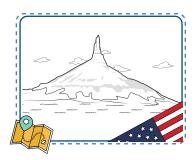
Yellowstone National Park. Approximately 96% of the land area of

Yellowstone is located within the state of Wyoming, another 3% is within

Montana, and the remaining 1% is in Idaho. The park encompasses 3,472

square miles which makes it larger than Rhode Island and Delaware

combined.



Landmark Name

Chimney Rock

Location

Nebraska, Texas

Year Built/Established

1956

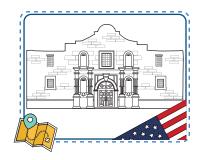
Facts

This prominent geological rock formation was given the name

"Chimney Rock" during the early fur trading era. The first recorded

mention of the name "Chimney Rock" was in 1827 by Joshua Pilcher.

Back then it was one of the most recognizable landmarks for pioneer
travelers on the Oregon, California, and Mormon Trails, a symbol of the
great western migration. The peak of Chimney Rock is 4,228 feet above
sea level. Based on sketches, paintings, written accounts, and the
photography in 1897, Chimney Rock was taller when it was first see
by settlers, but has been reduced in height by erosion and lightning
since.



Landmark Name

The Alamo

Location

San Antonio, Texas

Year Built/Established

Founded in 1718, Constructed in 1744

Facts

Originally the Alamo was built as a home to Spanish missionaries in the 1700s, it was called the Mission San Antonio de Valero. However, over time the mission was turned into a fort for Spanish soldiers and because the mission stood in a grove of cottonwood trees, the soldiers called their new fort "El Alamo". The Alamo is most famous for The Battle of the Alamo, which took place during 1836 fight for the independence of Texas from Mexico. On March 6, 1836, 187 Texans were defeated by a force of 5,000 Mexican troops. "Remember the Alamo!" became the battle cry of the Texans for the Texas Revolution.



Landmark Name

Denal

Location

Alaska

Year Built/Established

1917

Facts

Denali, also formerly known as Mount McKinley, but officially renamed Denali in 2015 by President Obama. It is the highest mountain peak in both the United States and North America. Denali means "the high one" in the Athabaskan language. It is one of the coldest places on Earth, a weather station has measured temperatures as low as -59.7 C "

(-75.5 F) and wind chills as low as -83.4 C (-118.1 F). Denali is the third highest of the Seven Summits (the highest peaks of the 7 continents). The upper half of Denali is covered in snow and has five massive glaciers on its slopes.





Landmark Name

Mammoth Cave National Park

Location

Kentucky

Year Built/Established

1941

Facts

Mammoth Cave National Park contains the longest cave system in the world with more than 350 miles (560 kilometers) of caves that have been mapped, and still explorers continue to discover new passages.

On the surface the park covers a total area of 52,830 acres. The cave system of the park began to form more than 280 million years ago, when the earth rose and twisted and allowed water to erode the rock into to form a cave. The temperature inside the cave is about 54 °F, year-round. The park has been declared both a World Heritage Site by UNESCO and an International Biosphere Reserve. The cave system has more than 12 unusual species, such as the rare albino shrimp, Kentucky eyeless cave shrimp, Southern cave fish, and Indiana eyeless crayfish.



1. Olympia	16. <u>Oklahoma City</u>	31. <u>Atlanta</u>	46. Trenton
2. <u>Salem</u>	17. <u>Austin</u>	32. <u>Columbia</u>	47. Dower
3. <u>Sacramento</u>	18. <u>Saint Paul</u>	33. Raleigh	48. Annapolis
4. Phoenix	19. <u>Des Moines</u>	34. <u>Richmond</u>	49. <u>Honolulu</u>
5. <u>Carson City</u>	20. <u>Jefferson City</u>	35. <u>Charleston</u>	50. Juneau
6. Boise	21. <u>Little Rock</u>	36. <u>Columbus</u>	51. <u>Washingtor</u>
7. <u>Helena</u>	22. <u>Baton Rouge</u>	37. <u>Lansing</u>	-
8. <u>Cheyenne</u>	23. <u>Madison</u>	38. <u>Harrisburg</u>	
9. <u>Salt Lake City</u>	24. <u>Springfield</u>	39. <u>Albany</u>	
10. <u>Santa Fe</u>	25. <u>Indianapolis</u>	40. <u>Montpelier</u>	
11. <u>Denver</u>	26. <u>Frankfort</u>	41. <u>Concord</u>	
12. <u>Bismarck</u>	27. <u>Nashville</u>	42. <u>Augusta</u>	
13. <u>Pierre</u>	28. <u>Jackson</u>	43. <u>Boston</u>	
14. <u>Lincoln</u>	29. <u>Montgomery</u>	44. <u>Providence</u>	— .
15. <u>Topeka</u>	30. Tallahassee	45. Hartford	

